service providers.

the ability of these financial institutions to serve their customers and communities, increase the availability of credit, and maintain assets on their balance sheets.

I always believed these restrictions were anticompetitive and should never have been imposed. But, in any case, Congress intended these restrictions to be only a temporary measure which were ultimately to be reconsidered as part of comprehensive banking legislation, so that Congress—not the regulators or the courts—could define more precisely the regulatory supervision over financial service

institutions and competition among financial

Although many years have passed, such comprehensive reform has never passed. I am hopeful that we can accomplish that important goal in this Congress. But the changes Mr. CASTLE and I are recommending in this legislation can no longer wait. This is virtually the only financial services arena in which time is standing still. There have otherwise been substantial changes in the laws and regulations governing the financial services industry that have enhanced diversification opportunities for other financial services providers, and made full service banks more efficient, strong, and competitive. In that context, these arbitrary CEBA restrictions are even more untenable and unreasonable.

There is also no regulatory need for these restrictions. In 1989 and 1991, Congress enacted legislation to increase the ability of regulators to ensure that all banks are run in a safe and sound manner.

If we are truly committed to reducing the regulatory burden on financial institutions and allowing them to better serve their communities, these restrictions must be eliminated as part of that effort.

KEEP FUNDING FOR CORPORATION FOR PUBLIC BROADCASTING IN THE BUDGET

## HON. WJ. (BILLY) TAUZIN

OF LOUISIANA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, April 7, 1995

Mr. TAUZIN. Mr. Speaker, I wholeheartedly support efforts to cut unnecessary programs out of the Federal budget but I believe funding for the Corporation for Public Broadcasting and our local PBS stations certainly doesn't fall in that category.

I think of Federal funding for Louisiana Public Broadcasting as an investment, not a subsidy; 75 percent of the CPB money goes back to the local PBS stations and networks like LPB. Federal funding for the Corporation for Public Broadcasting also helps public stations to generate more money from viewers and other sources.

Every weekday, LPB provides 8½ hours of commercial-free, nonviolent educational programming for children to help them learn how to count, write, and get along with each other. Since more than 600,000 homes in my State do not have cable television, LPB is the only source of quality programming available to 40 percent of the households in the State.

Louisiana Public Broadcasting is also an invaluable educational resource for teachers. Not only does LPB provide instructional television shows which teachers can incorporate into their lesson plans, it has also set up sat-

ellite receiving stations in all 64 parishes so that school systems can broaden their curriculum through distance learning.

Through LPB satellite courses, teachers can become certified to teach adult education, special education, environmental science, and English, as a second language, classes. LPB is one of only 25 PBS stations and networks in the country taking part in PBS Mathline, a nationwide effort by public television stations to improve math instruction in schools.

Stephanie Fournier and Roslyn Dempster, two teachers from Terrebonne Parish, are part of the mathline project. They sent me a letter detailing what LPB and Public Broadcasting has meant to them.

Public Broadcasting has opened a communication network between teachers through Mathline, not just here in Louisiana but throughout the United States, that we could not have entered otherwise.

Teachers have a wealth of information but very limited resources for sharing with others. Mathline has allowed new and innovative teaching ideas to be available to teachers at the touch of a button.

Representative Tauzin, there is so much we can say about the mathline project. If PBS funds are cut, and the mathline project could not be continued, it would be a great loss to Louisiana, the United States and the entire educational community. We strongly support PBS and we strongly urge Congress to continue funding.

It is signed "Sincerely in Support of PBS." Roslyn Dempster and Stephanie Fournier".

I would also like to read an excerpt from a letter sent by Felicia Harry, another one of my constituents.

LPB is the State's only television network with a community-based educational mission. LPB makes it easier for our children to learn, easier for parents to allow their children to watch television, and easier for all citizens to be better informed and entertained.

Federal funding also allows LPB to provide programs to help adults get their GED, improve their literacy level and take college courses at home.

In a State with alarmingly high dropout and illiteracy rates, damaging one of the few public entities making a difference in the fight to educate our population would be counterproductive. Let us not do something that we are going to regret after irreversible damage has been already done. Let's keep funding for the Corporation for Public Broadcasting and local public television stations in the budget.

CONGRATULATIONS TEUTOPOLIS GIRLS BASKETBALL WOODEN SHOES; 1995 STATE CHAMPS

## HON. GLENN POSHARD

OF ILLINOIS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, April 7, 1995

Mr. POSHARD. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to the Lady Wooden Shoes of Teutopolis High School. The Wooden Shoes recently captured the Illinois High School Association, Class A State Basketball Championship for the fifth time since 1983. This powerhouse basketball team has been in the elite eight 10 times in 13 years. The Wooden

Shoes won this year's crown in dramatic fashion when, with 1.1 seconds on the clock, Maria Niebrugge sunk the winning basket and guaranteed victory for her team.

Pacing the sidelines for the Wooden Shoes is "The Legend," Coach Dennis Koester, whose overall 13 year record is an astonishing 364 wins and only 28 losses. Coach Koester, along with his assistant coaches, Kim Beckman and Laurie Thompson, have transformed the way people in central Illinois view high school basketball.

With the help of their coaches this years Wooden Shoes, Gina Bloemer, Sara Gobben, Crystal Worman, Marcia Meyer, Amy Niebrugge, Stormy Young, Kim Walk, Emily Probst, Kari Probst, Karen Droeger, Karla Campbell, Marie Niebrugge, Monica Tegeler, Elizabeth Ordner, Sarah Neibrugge, and Christine Sehy have established themselves as one of the greatest teams in the history of Illinois basketball.

Being the best takes more then just fancy footwork; it also takes knowing and understanding the fundamentals. Assisting with this task were Mindy Dhom and Lisa Hewing who not only played, but video taped the games for in-depth study, and Kathy Weber and Vickie Kremer, who kept the score and the statistics.

Mr. Speaker, İllinois is steeped in basketball legend. This year, with a record of 33 wins and 1 loss the Lady Wooden Shoes of Teutopolis realized their dream and became the best girl's basketball team in Illinois.

I am proud of the hard work and dedication the Wooden Shoes showed throughout the season, and I am sure we will see this devoted team chasing the title when the ball is tipped again next season. I am honored to represent this fine team and its coaches in Congress. Congratulations Wooden Shoes, you are the best girl's basketball team in the State.

DOWNSIZING THE DOE LABS

## HON. TIM ROEMER

OF INDIANA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, April 7, 1995

Mr. ROEMER. Mr. Speaker, I am introducing legislation today to continue my efforts to downsize our Government in a commonsense manner.

This legislation will require the non-defense DOE labs to downsize the level of full-time employees by one-third over a period of 10 years, with the half of these reductions occurring in the first 5 years.

The result will be either that each lab accomplishes its current mission more efficiently, or it will narrow its focus to more closely meet its original mission. I believe this is a significant step in the right direction.

This bill requires the DOE lab structure to terminate research and facilities that duplicate work being done in the private sector, to cease activity that is not relevant to its programmatic objectives, and to use, whenever feasible universities or other private sector facilities to complete its objectives.

The bill allows, but does not require, closing or scaling back of labs to meet these objectives. The bill also requires fundamental changes in how the DOE labs follow health and safety regulations.

Currently, the DOE labels are required to follow Federal, State and local environmental regulations. The bill does not change this. However, DOE currently uses an intricate and cumbersome internal system of regulation to meet these requirements. The bill requires termination of this practice, known as "self-regulation." Instead, the Labs will follow such requirements directly, as any business would do. This will eliminate a large bureaucratic layer of the DOE, and should result in downsizing of a sector of the DOE Washington headquarters.

The bill also contains requirements that the Secretary report on the progress of implementing this legislation to Congress. I have stated before that we need to downsize Government with a scalpel and not a hatchet, and I believe this bill represents the right approach.

# TRIBUTE TO LASALLE D. LEFFALL, JR.

## HON. ELEANOR HOLMES NORTON

OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES  $Friday,\ April\ 7,\ 1995$ 

Ms. NORTON. Mr. Speaker, I am pleased to rise in celebrating Dr. Leffall's appointment as the president-elect of the American College of Surgeons, as well as his commitment to his students, and his dedication to the study of cancer specifically within the African-American community.

Dr. Leffall is a scholar we can all respect and admire, graduating suma cum laude from Florida A&M, and first in his class from Howard University Hospital College of Medicine. Since that time has he served at the highest level of many civic and professional organizations, including: president of the American Cancer Society; president of the Society of Surgical Oncology; member of the board of directors of the Medical Education for South African Blacks; member of the National Cancer Advisory Board; member of the American Board of Surgery; and secretary of the American College of Surgeons.

Beyond his personal scholarly achievement, Dr. Leffall has served as a professor and an inspiration for approximately 3,500 medical students and more than 150 general surgery residents instructed during in his 33 years on Howard's faculty. For his teaching, he has also received commendation—named outstanding teacher by the student council honoree and recipient of the Howard University Distinguished Scholar-Teacher Award.

Since that 1979, as the national president of the American Cancer Society, Dr. Leffall's professional concentration has been on the increasing incidence and mortality of cancer in the African-American community. His neverending commitment has affected the District's community, as well as the national African-American community, and he has received commendation from both. Dr. Leffall received the Humanitarian Award from the District of Columbia branch of the NAACP and the National Achievement Award from the Black Caucus of the Democratic National Committee. He also received the Presidential Award from the Metropolitan Washington Chapter of the American College of Surgeons, been named a Washingtonian of the Year and listed as one of the best doctors in Washington, DC in the Washingtonian.

Therefore, we commend Dr. Leffall's past work, his dedication to medicine, cancer within the African-American community, and look forward to his continued commitment and achievement as the first African-American president of the American College of Surgeons.

IN HONOR OF FRED STANKIEWICZ AND MAURO ANDREULA IN REC-OGNITION OF THEIR VALOR AWARDS

## HON. ROBERT MENENDEZ

OF NEW JERSEY

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Friday, April 7, 1995

Mr. MENENDEZ. Mr. Speaker, I stand here today to honor two brave firefighters, Mr. Fred Stankiewicz and Mr. Mauro Andreula. Their relentless efforts and courage helped rescue the lives of three innocent people. They are both being honored at a Valor Award Dinner on April 29, 1995.

On July 2, 1994, the Ladder Company Two of the Hoboken Fire Department responded to a fire alarm on Madison Street in Hoboken. When the firefighters arrived on the scene they were confronted with heavy smoke and fire coming from the first floor of a five story building. It was impossible to enter the building because of the extreme heat and smoke. Therefore, Capt. Fred Meyer ordered firefighters Stankiewicz and Andreula to go to the roof so that the building may be ventilated. While on the roof the two firefighters received a radio transmission from their captain stating that there were people trapped in the upper floors of the building.

Firefighters Stankiewicz and Andreula began their search for the victims on the fifth floor of the building. The conditions of the building were terrible. They had nearly no visibility because of the smoke, and the intense heat radiating from the flames was excruciating. However, they did not give up. Instead, they proceeded forward and crawled on their hands and knees feeling the heat through their gloves and all over their necks and ears.

The firefighters finally located the victims. Two young children, an 8-year-old and a 3year-old and their mother were found laying on the ground of a smoke-filled room. The two firefighters radioed down to their captain stating they had located the victims and needed assistance. However, manpower was low and the captain was still waiting for assistance. The room was becoming unbearably hot and smokey. Firefighters Stankiewicz and Andreula wasted no time, they immediately picked up the two children and placed them on the fire escape. Firefighter Andreulo went back into the building to rescue the mother. By this time, both firefighters were running out of air. They extremely tired and firefighter Stankiewicz had been injured. Nevertheless, firefighters Stankiewicz and Andruela, with the help of firefighter James Nardello and Capt. Pat O'Brian, were able to rescue the young children and the mother and carry them to

Firefighters Stankiewicz and Andruela went above and beyond their call of duty. Their bravery and courage is highly commendable. They performed dutifully and exceptionally under an unbearable and life-threatening situ-

ation. I am proud and honored to have such two outstanding men serving the community. Please join me in congratulating Mr. Fred Stankiewicz and Mr. Mauro Andreulo for their heroic actions.

# TRIBUTE TO WILLIAM C. O'MALLEY

### HON. JOHN JOSEPH MOAKLEY

OF MASSACHUSETTS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, April 6, 1995

Mr. MOAKLEY. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to William C. O'Malley, the district attorney of Plymouth County and a man I am proud to say was my friend. Bill O'Malley passed away suddenly on April 3, but I can assure you that he will not soon be forgotten.

Bill O'Malley served as Plymouth County District Attorney for nearly 17 years and was one of the finest trial attorneys in the country. Over the course of his public career, Bill earned a reputation as a tough prosecutor with an uncompromising commitment to public safety. He is credited with modernizing the Plymouth County District Attorney's office and his technological innovations have served as a model to other offices across the country.

Bill's commitment to justice and sense of fairness made him a natural leader. In the summer of 1993, he was called upon to serve as president of the 8,000-member National District Attorneys Association. In this capacity, he worked very closely with President Clinton, Attorney General Janet Reno and FBI Director Louis Freeh on several important anticrime initiatives. He played an important role in drafting the Violent Crime and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 and later worked on a measure to modernize the laws pertaining to wiretap procedures.

Bill O'Malley was driven by an overriding compassion for people. This compassion made him a staunch advocate for victim's rights, especially women and children. His contributions to the community did not stop in the courtroom. A frequent speaker at local schools, he was a strong supporter of crime prevention programs. Bill also served as a mentor for many young attorneys, readily sharing his wisdom and commitment to public service.

I know Bill O'Malley was devoted most of all to his family—his wife Amy, and his twin sons, Ryan and William. Of his many achievements, his love and commitment to them is his most important and lasting contribution.

#### LEGISLATION CLARIFYING FLSA

## HON. HOWARD P. "BUCK" McKEON

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, April 7, 1995

Mr. McKEON. Mr. Speaker, the State of California is currently embroiled in a lawsuit which could cost California taxpayers as much as \$500 million. The case revolves around an alleged violation by the State under the Fair Labor Standards Act [FLSA]. What makes this case worthy of note, is that the State may be